

## Public/resources

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**The Power of Public Investment Management** Anand Rajaram 2014-10-17 Public resources, if invested well in public infrastructure and services, can unleash inclusive growth and development. This report provides a simple but comprehensive framework and global experience, to help policy makers adopt good functional principles in the design of institutions to strengthen public investment management.

*Integrated Assessment and Management of Public Resources* JosephCooper 2006-01-01 This multidisciplinary work explores ways of making environmental policy decisions regarding the management of public goods and natural parks with the goal of maximizing economic benefits to society. The contributors to the volume seek the best strategies for improving the environmental sustainability and quality of a public resource by showing how to develop quantitative information about the natural area and how it interacts with the economy. Such an analysis can be used to define policies that encourage interactions among institutions, local economic agents and park users. At the same time, it provides a measure to account for the implications of those policies on the local economy.

**Private Rights in Public Resources** Leigh Stafford Raymond 2003 "Privatizing" public resources by creating stronger property rights is an increasingly popular environmental policy option. While advocates of this type of "market-based" environmental policy tend to focus on its efficiency and ecological implications, such policies also raise important considerations of equity and distributive justice. This book confronts these ethical implications by showing not that equity ideas should influence such policies, but how in fact they already do so.

*Public Resource Management* E. Schwella 1996-01-01 Focusing on four resources - people (employees), finance, information and the natural environment - this text aims to assist practitioners, trainers and educators in their goal of creating a public service which is able to manage these scarce resources optimally.

California 1955

**Elections code. Health and safety code. Public resources code. Revenue and taxation code** California 1938

**Renewable Energy Opportunities and Issues on Federal Lands** United States. Congress. House. Committee on Natural Resources.

Subcommittee on Energy and Mineral Resources 2007

*OhioCare* Ohio. Governor (1991-1998 : Voinovich) 1995\*

*Full Development of Public Resources* United States. Congress. Senate. Committee on Interior and Insular Affairs 1958

*Public Resources Code* California 1967

**Public Resources Code** California 1967

*Leakage of Public Resources in the Health Sector: an Empirical Investigation of Chad* Bernard Gauthier 2007 In the public sector in developing countries, leakage of public resources could prove detrimental to users and affect the well-being of the population. This paper empirically examines the importance of leakage of government resources in the health sector in Chad, and its effects on the prices of drugs. The analysis uses data collected in Chad as part of a Health Facilities Survey organized by the World Bank in 2004. The survey covered 281 primary health care centers and contained information on the provision of medical material, financial resources, and medicines allocated by the Ministry of Health to the regional administration and primary health centers. Although the regional administration is officially allocated 60 percent of the ministry's non-wage recurrent expenditures, the share of the resources that actually reach the regions is estimated to be only 18 percent. The health centers, which are the frontline providers and the entry point for the population, receive less than 1 percent of the ministry's non-wage recurrent expenditures. Accounting for the endogeneity of the level of competition among health centers, the leakage of government resources has a significant and negative impact on the price mark-up that health centers charge patients for drugs.

*Public resources code* annotated 1976

**Human Resources Management for Public and Nonprofit Organizations** Joan E. Pynes 2013-07-01 Since the first edition was published in 1997, HumanResources Management for Public and Nonprofit Organizations hasbecome the go-to reference for public and nonprofit human resourcesprofessionals. Now in its fourth edition, the text has beensignificantly revised and updated to include information thatreflects changes in the field due to the economic crisis, changesin federal employment laws, how shifting demographics affect humanresources management, the increased use of technology in humanresources management practices, how social media has becomeembedded in the workplace, and new approaches to HRM policy andpractice. Written by Joan E. Pynes—a noted expert in publicadministration—this authoritative work shows how strategichuman resources management is essential for managing change in anincreasingly complex environment. The book Includes new material on workplace violence and employeediscipline Reviews updates on the legal environment of HRM Contains suggestions for managing a diverse workforce Offers a wealth of revised tables and exhibits Updates the most recent developments in collective bargainingin the public and nonprofit sectors Outlines the most current approaches to recruitment andselection Presents an overview of recent information on compensation andbenefits Gives an update of the technological advances used forstrategic human resources management Provides examples of HRM policies from other countries The book also includes an enhanced instructor's guide withexamination questions, PowerPoint® slides, experientialexercises, and video vignettes that are coordinated with chaptersin the book.

**Highways. Insurance, labor, Military & veterans. Navigation. Public resources. Revenue and taxation** Oregon 1940

**Private Rights in Public Resources** Professor Leigh Raymond 2014-06-03 Privatizing public resources by creating stronger property rights, including so-called rights to pollute, is an increasingly popular environmental policy option. While advocates of this type of market-based environmental policy tend to focus on its efficiency and ecological implications, such policies also raise important considerations of equity and distributive justice. Private Rights in Public Resources confronts these ethical implications directly, balancing political theory and philosophy with detailed analysis of the politics surrounding three important policy instruments--the Kyoto Protocol, the 1990 Clean Air Act Amendments, and the 1934 Taylor Grazing Act. Author Leigh Raymond reviews legislative records and administrative documents and interviews key policymakers. Confirming that much of the debate in the selected policies centers on the equity or fairness of the initial allocation of property rights, he applies the theories of John Locke, Morris Cohen, and others to build a framework for identifying the competing norms of equity in play. Raymond's study reveals that, despite the different historical and ecological settings, the political actors struggled to reconcile similar arguments-and were often able to achieve a similar synthesis of conflicting ownership ideas. Rather than offering a familiar argument for or against these policies on ethical grounds, the book explains how ideas about equity help determine a

policy's political fate. Shedding light on the complex equity principles used to shape and evaluate these controversial initiatives, this empirical analysis will be of interest to those on all sides of the debate over market-based policies, as well as those interested in the role of normative principles in politics more generally.

**The Role of Culture in Allocating Scarce Public Resources** Elizabeth Mullen 2000

**The Apportionment of Public Resources Between the State and Local and Regional Authorities and Its Evolution** Conference of Local and Regional Authorities of Europe 1979

**Warren-Alquist State Energy Resources Conservation and Development Act, Public Resources Code Section 25000 Et Seq** California 2003

*Forest Practices Board Manual* Washington (State). Forest Practices Board 1976

*Midwest PROfiles* 199? This site provides Census data and community development information for twelve states in the Midwest.

**Managing Public Resources** Margaret Ann Shannon 1989

**Legislative History of California Public Resources Code 6306.1, 6306.2** 1990

**Public Resources Code** California 1956

**Public Resources Code, Annotated, of the State of California** California 1976

**Public Resources Code of the State of California** 1987

**Arkansas Golden Triangle** Rebecca Draper 2010

**Public Resources Code Annotated of the State of California** California 1963

**Public Resources Code Annotated of the State of California** California 1963

**Punitive Or Prudent?** Neil D. Christiansen 1993

**Public Resources Code Annotated of the State of California Adopted April 26, 1939, with Amendments...** California 1976

*The Process of Public Resources Allocation for Investment in Hospital Capacities* Alexandre Marinho 2015 This work develops a simple and comprehensive framework to improve the allocation of public resources to public and private hospitals from the standpoint of public hospital profitability in the presence of income inequalities. The paper illustrates the direct impacts that publicly-funded investments in capacity, the adoption of a public market share, the institution of punishments for insufficient supply and the provision of a stochastic reservation quality have on a public hospital's surplus. The presented framework fits well the enormous Brazilian health system and can be useful in other circumstances and countries where public and private hospitals coexist.

*Public Access to Public Resources* U. S. Government Printing Office (Gpo) 2013-06 The United States Government Printing Office (GPO) was created in June 1860, and is an agency of the the U.S. federal government based in Washington D.C. The office prints documents produced by and for the federal government, including Congress, the Supreme Court, the Executive Office of the President and other executive departments, and independent agencies. The Coastal Zone Information Center (CZIC) collection provides access to nearly 5,000 coastal related documents that the U.S. Government Printing Office (GPO) received from the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA) Central Library. The collection provides almost 30 years of data and information crucial to the understanding of U.S. coastal management and NOAA's mission to sustain healthy coasts. This is one of their documents.

*Public Resources for Low-moderate Income Residents Seeking Financial Assistance for Residential Lead-based Paint Hazard Reduction Activities* Wisconsin. Division of Housing 1993

**Final Environmental Impact Statement Pursuant to Division 13 Public Resources Code (state) and Public Law 91-190 (federal)** California. Division of Highways 1971

*Warren-Alquist State Energy Resources Conservation and Development Act, Public Resources Code Section 25000 Et Seq* California 2007

**Metropolitan Water District of Southern California** Elaine M. Howle 2008-11 The Southern Calif. District's broad interpretation of the purposes for which it can spend public funds has led to policies governing expenses that generally are not well-defined and do not always ensure that expenses have a direct link to the district's authorized purposes. For example, the district financially sponsors numerous organization's activities without justifying the direct link to the purposes for which the district was created. Additionally, more than 4 years after the enactment of legislation that directed it to create an ethics office, the district still is trying to establish an effective one. Further, the district has not always established adequate policies and procedures for its purchasing and consulting contracts. Charts and tables.

**Practical Human Resources for Public Managers** Nicolas A. Valcik 2011-08-19 Employers face a myriad of issues when hiring: how to recruit, whom to select, how to interview, Equal Employment Opportunity policies, fair salary offerings, health issues, performance evaluations, behavior/disciplinary actions, turnover, and the list goes on and on. Practical Human Resources Management for Public Managers: A Case Study Approach provides insight into human resource trends and demonstrates how complex situations can be successfully managed by public sector practitioners. The authors take us step by step into the "real world" with examples of historical events that compare "What Happened" with "What Could Have Happened" as well as suggested readings for more in-depth analysis and important points to remember. Exploring the space between theory and what actually occurs in the world, this book supplies instructional case studies based upon actual events. The authors introduce key human resources issues with clear, concise language and provide techniques to address these issues in a real-world setting. The case studies cover legal and liability issues, recruiting and hiring, employee performance, reward and discipline issues, retention, termination, workplace violence, mentorship, motivation, and managing through transitions. The authors bring know-how from a wide array of working environments, including teaching and administrative experience in public universities and management in municipalities of various population sizes from a few thousand to more than a million. They have also worked in a variety of capacities within these organizations, which allow them to see different perspectives on how different departments handle similar situations. They use their from-the-trenches knowledge to explore pragmatic ways to deal with human resource issues in public sector workplaces.

**Legislative History of California Public Resources Code 21,000-21,177** 1988

*Washington State Library Services for the Public* Washington State Library 2009