

# Public/resources

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## The Power of Public Investment

Management Anand Rajaram 2014-10-17  
Public resources, if invested well in public infrastructure and services, can unleash inclusive growth and development. This report provides a simple but comprehensive framework and global experience, to help policy makers adopt good functional principles in the design of institutions to strengthen public investment management.  
Human Resources Management for Public and Nonprofit Organizations Joan E. Pynes 2013-07-01  
Since the first edition was published in 1997, HumanResources Management for Public and Nonprofit Organizations has become the go-to reference for public and nonprofit human resources professionals. Now in its fourth edition, the text has been significantly revised and updated to include information that reflects changes in the field due to the economic crisis, changes in federal employment laws, how shifting demographics affect humanresources management, the increased use of technology in humanresources management practices, how social media has become embedded in the workplace, and new approaches to HRM policy and practice. Written by Joan E. Pynes—a noted expert in public administration—this authoritative work shows how strategic human resources management is essential for managing change in an increasingly complex environment. The

book Includes new material on workplace violence and employee discipline Reviews updates on the legal environment of HRM Contains suggestions for managing a diverse workforce Offers a wealth of revised tables and exhibits Updates the most recent developments in collective bargaining in the public and nonprofit sectors Outlines the most current approaches to recruitment and selection Presents an overview of recent information on compensation and benefits Gives an update of the technological advances used for strategic human resources management Provides examples of HRM policies from other countries The book also includes an enhanced instructor's guide with examination questions, PowerPoint® slides, experiential exercises, and video vignettes that are coordinated with chapters in the book.

## **Public Resource Management E.**

Schwella 1996-01-01 Focusing on four resources - people (employees), finance, information and the natural environment - this text aims to assist practitioners, trainers and educators in their goal of creating a public service which is able to manage these scarce resources optimally.  
*The Role of Culture in Allocating Scarce Public Resources* Elizabeth Mullen 2000  
California 1955

*Managing Public Resources* Margaret Ann Shannon 1989

**Renewable Energy Opportunities and Issues on Federal Lands** United States.

Congress. House. Committee on Natural Resources. Subcommittee on Energy and Mineral Resources 2007

**The Process of Public Resources Allocation for Investment in Hospital Capacities** Alexandre Marinho 2015 This work develops a simple and comprehensive framework to improve the allocation of public resources to public and private hospitals from the standpoint of public hospital profitability in the presence of income inequalities. The paper illustrates the direct impacts that publicly-funded investments in capacity, the adoption of a public market share, the institution of punishments for insufficient supply and the provision of a stochastic reservation quality have on a public hospital's surplus. The presented framework fits well the enormous Brazilian health system and can be useful in other circumstances and countries where public and private hospitals coexist.

*Legislative History of California Public Resources Code 21,000-21,177* 1988

**Public Resources Code Annotated of the State of California** California 1963  
*Public resources code annotated* 1976

**Private Rights in Public Resources** Leigh Stafford Raymond 2003 "Privatizing" public resources by creating stronger property rights is an increasingly popular environmental policy option. While advocates of this type of "market-based" environmental policy tend to focus on its efficiency and ecological implications, such policies also raise important considerations of equity and distributive justice. This book confronts these ethical implications by showing not that equity ideas should influence such policies, but how in fact they already do so.

**Private Rights in Public Resources** Professor Leigh Raymond 2014-06-03 Privatizing public resources by creating stronger property rights, including so-called rights to pollute, is an increasingly popular environmental policy option. While advocates of this type of market-based environmental policy tend to focus on its efficiency and ecological implications, such

policies also raise important considerations of equity and distributive justice. Private Rights in Public Resources confronts these ethical implications directly, balancing political theory and philosophy with detailed analysis of the politics surrounding three important policy instruments--the Kyoto Protocol, the 1990 Clean Air Act Amendments, and the 1934 Taylor Grazing Act. Author Leigh Raymond reviews legislative records and administrative documents and interviews key policymakers. Confirming that much of the debate in the selected policies centers on the equity or fairness of the initial allocation of property rights, he applies the theories of John Locke, Morris Cohen, and others to build a framework for identifying the competing norms of equity in play. Raymond's study reveals that, despite the different historical and ecological settings, the political actors struggled to reconcile similar arguments--and were often able to achieve a similar synthesis of conflicting ownership ideas. Rather than offering a familiar argument for or against these policies on ethical grounds, the book explains how ideas about equity help determine a policy's political fate. Shedding light on the complex equity principles used to shape and evaluate these controversial initiatives, this empirical analysis will be of interest to those on all sides of the debate over market-based policies, as well as those interested in the role of normative principles in politics more generally.

**Public Resources for Low-moderate Income Residents Seeking Financial Assistance for Residential Lead-based Paint Hazard Reduction Activities**

Wisconsin. Division of Housing 1993  
*Highways. Insurance, labor, Military & veterans. Navigation. Public resources. Revenue and taxation* Oregon 1940

Public Resources Code California 1967  
*Public Resources Code of the State of California* 1987

*Warren-Alquist State Energy Resources Conservation and Development Act, Public Resources Code Section 25000 Et Seq* California 2003

**Arkansas Golden Triangle** Rebecca Draper 2010

**Public Resources Code, Annotated, of the State of California** California 1976  
**Public Access to Public Resources** U. S. Government Printing Office (Gpo) 2013-06  
The United States Government Printing Office (GPO) was created in June 1860, and is an agency of the the U.S. federal government based in Washington D.C. The office prints documents produced by and for the federal government, including Congress, the Supreme Court, the Executive Office of the President and other executive departments, and independent agencies. The Coastal Zone Information Center (CZIC) collection provides access to nearly 5,000 coastal related documents that the U.S. Government Printing Office (GPO) received from the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA) Central Library. The collection provides almost 30 years of data and information crucial to the understanding of U.S. coastal management and NOAA's mission to sustain healthy coasts. This is one of their documents.

**Washington State Library Services for the Public** Washington State Library 2009  
**OhioCare** Ohio. Governor (1991-1998 : Voinovich) 1995\*

**Public Resources Code Annotated of the State of California Adopted April 26, 1939, with Amendments ...** California 1976

*Integrated Assessment and Management of Public Resources* Joseph Cooper 2006-01-01  
This multidisciplinary work explores ways of making environmental policy decisions regarding the management of public goods and natural parks with the goal of maximizing economic benefits to society. The contributors to the volume seek the best strategies for improving the environmental sustainability and quality of a public resource by showing how to develop quantitative information about the natural area and how it interacts with the economy. Such an analysis can be used to define policies that encourage interactions among institutions, local economic agents

and park users. At the same time, it provides a measure to account for the implications of those policies on the local economy.

*Punitive Or Prudent?* Neil D. Christiansen 1993

*Midwest PROfiles* 199? This site provides Census data and community development information for twelve states in the Midwest.

**Forest Practices Board Manual** Washington (State). Forest Practices Board 1976

*Warren-Alquist State Energy Resources Conservation and Development Act, Public Resources Code Section 25000 Et Seq* California 2007

*Public Administration* Michael Anthony Tarallo 2012-04-09 How public affairs are run depends upon the degree of authority and control central government decides to relinquish to regional and local governments, and the extent to which it favors citizen involvement in the governing process. Public administrators do not operate in a vacuum. The context within which decision-making takes place greatly influences public administrators' approach to public issues. Consequently, what government decides to do and how it decides to carry it out affects the lives of people and how people perceive their role in the unfolding of public affairs. While public administration varies from one country to another, public administrators inevitably face similar challenges. Running a government is not easy; it is complex, dynamic, contested, supported, subject to special interests, both demand- and supply-driven, just to name a few. In executing government functions, public administrators unsurprisingly contend with major decision-making questions. While obviously not exhaustive, this book addresses some key issues challenging practitioners. These challenges include questions on what gets included in the policy agenda, questions on policy response to problems through adoption and/or adaptation of exogenous policies, questions on the dangers of displacing policy goals,

questions on transferring government activities to specialized agency, questions on decentralizing powers to regional and local governments, questions on combating corruption, and questions on managing public resources. It is widely recognized that policy implementation is much more challenging than its design. Nonetheless, it is the manner in which public administrators address these challenges that creates opportunities for a more effective long-term policy prioritization, design and coordination, a more effective and inclusive public governance, and a more effective use of public resources for the delivery of needed public services.

The Apportionment of Public Resources Between the State and Local and Regional Authorities and Its Evolution Conference of Local and Regional Authorities of Europe 1979

Public Resources Code California 1967

*Leakage of Public Resources in the Health Sector: an Empirical Investigation of Chad* Bernard Gauthier 2007 In the public sector in developing countries, leakage of public resources could prove detrimental to users and affect the well-being of the population. This paper empirically examines the importance of leakage of government resources in the health sector in Chad, and its effects on the prices of drugs. The analysis uses data collected in Chad as part of a Health Facilities Survey organized by the World Bank in 2004. The survey covered 281 primary health care centers and contained information on the provision of medical material, financial resources, and medicines allocated by the Ministry of Health to the regional administration and primary health centers. Although the regional administration is officially allocated 60 percent of the ministry's non-wage recurrent expenditures, the share of the resources that actually reach the regions is estimated to be only 18 percent. The health centers, which are the frontline

providers and the entry point for the population, receive less than 1 percent of the ministry's non-wage recurrent expenditures. Accounting for the endogeneity of the level of competition among health centers, the leakage of government resources has a significant and negative impact on the price mark-up that health centers charge patients for drugs.

**Public Resources Code** California 1956

**Full Development of Public Resources** United States. Congress. Senate. Committee on Interior and Insular Affairs 1958

Metropolitan Water District of Southern California Elaine M. Howle 2008-11 The Southern Calif. District's broad interpretation of the purposes for which it can spend public funds has led to policies governing expenses that generally are not well-defined and do not always ensure that expenses have a direct link to the district's authorized purposes. For example, the district financially sponsors numerous organization's activities without justifying the direct link to the purposes for which the district was created. Additionally, more than 4 years after the enactment of legislation that directed it to create an ethics office, the district still is trying to establish an effective one. Further, the district has not always established adequate policies and procedures for its purchasing and consulting contracts. Charts and tables.

**Final Environmental Impact Statement Pursuant to Division 13 Public Resources Code (state) and Public Law 91-190 (federal)** California. Division of Highways 1971

Public Resources Code Annotated of the State of California California 1963

Legislative History of California Public Resources Code 6306.1, 6306.2 1990

**Elections code. Health and safety code. Public resources code. Revenue and taxation code** California 1938