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Automatic Solar Tracking Sun Tracking Satellite Tracking rastreador solar seguimento solar seguidor solar automático de seguimiento solar Gerro Prinsloo 2015-11-01 Automatic Solar Tracking Sun Tracking : This book details Automatic Solar-Tracking, Sun-Tracking-Systems, Solar-Trackers and Sun Tracker Systems. An intelligent automatic solar tracker is a device that orients a payload toward the sun. Such programmable computer based solar tracking device includes principles of solar tracking, solar tracking systems, as well as microcontroller, microprocessor and/or PC based solar tracking control to orientate solar reflectors, solar lenses, photovoltaic panels or other optical configurations towards the sun. Motorized space frames and kinematic systems ensure motion dynamics and employ drive technology and gearing principles to steer optical configurations such as mangin, parabolic, conic, or cassegrain solar energy collectors to face the sun and follow the sun movement contour continuously (seguimiento solar y automatización, automatización seguidor solar, tracking solar e automação, automação seguidor solar, inseguimento solare, inseguitore solare, energia termica, sole seguito, posizionatore motorizzato) In harnessing power from the sun through a solar tracker or practical solar tracking system, renewable energy control automation systems require automatic solar tracking software and solar position algorithms to accomplish dynamic motion control with control automation architecture, circuit boards and hardware. On-axis sun tracking system such as the altitude-azimuth dual axis or multi-axis solar tracker systems use a sun tracking algorithm or ray tracing sensors or software to ensure the sun's passage through the sky is traced with high precision in automated solar tracker applications, right through summer solstice, solar equinox and winter solstice. A high precision sun position calculator or sun position algorithm is this an important step in the design and construction of an automatic solar tracking system. The content of the book is also applicable to communication antenna satellite tracking and moon tracking algorithm source code for which links to free download links are provided. From sun tracing software perspective, the sonnet Tracing The Sun has a literal meaning. Within the context of sun track and trace, this book explains that the sun's daily path across the sky is directed by relatively simple principles, and if grasped/understood, then it is relatively easy to trace the sun with sun following software. Sun position computer software for tracing the sun are available as open source code, sources that is listed in this book. The book also describes the use of satellite tracking software and mechanisms in solar tracking applications. Ironically there was even a system called sun chaser, said to have been a solar positioner system known for chasing the sun throughout the day. Using solar equations in an electronic circuit for automatic solar tracking is quite simple, even if you are a novice, but mathematical solar equations are over complicated by academic experts and professors in text-books, journal articles and internet websites. In terms of solar hobbies, scholars, students and Hobbyist's looking at solar tracking electronics or PC programs for solar tracking are usually overcome by the sheer volume of scientific material and internet resources, which leaves many developers in frustration when search for simple experimental solar tracking source-code for their on-axis sun-tracking systems. This booklet will simplify the search for the mystical sun tracking formulas for your sun tracker innovation and help you develop your own autonomous solar tracking controller. By directing the solar collector directly into the sun, a solar harvesting means or device can harness sunlight or thermal heat. This is achieved with the help of sun angle formulas, solar angle formulas or solar tracking procedures for the calculation of sun's position in the sky. Automatic sun tracking system software includes algorithms for solar altitude azimuth angle calculations required in following the sun across the sky. In using the longitude, latitude GPS coordinates of the solar tracker location, these sun tracking software tools supports precision solar tracking by determining the solar altitude-azimuth coordinates for the sun trajectory in altitude-azimuth tracking at the tracker location, using certain sun angle formulas in sun vector calculations. Instead of follow the sun software, a sun tracking sensor such as a sun sensor or webcam or video camera with vision based sun following image processing software can also be used to determine the position of the sun optically. Such optical feedback devices are often used in solar panel tracking systems and dish tracking systems. Dynamic sun tracing is also used in solar surveying, DNI analyser and sun surveying systems that build solar infographics maps with solar radiance, irradiance and DNI models for GIS (geographical information system). In this way geospatial methods on solar/environment interaction makes use use of geospatial technologies (GIS, Remote Sensing, and Cartography). Climatic data and weather station or weather center data, as well as queries from sky servers and solar resource database systems (i.e. on DB2, Sybase, Oracle, SQL, MySQL) may also be associated with solar GIS maps. In such solar resource modelling systems, a pyranometer or solarimeter is normally used in addition to measure direct and indirect, scattered, dispersed, reflective radiation for a particular geographical location. Sunlight analysis is important in flash photography where photographic lighting are important for photographers. GIS systems are used by architects who add sun shadow applets to study architectural shading or sun shadow analysis, solar flux calculations, optical modelling or to perform weather modelling. Such systems often employ a computer operated telescope type mechanism with ray tracing program software as a solar navigator or sun tracer that determines the solar position and intensity. The purpose of this booklet is to assist developers to track and trace suitable source-code and solar tracking algorithms for their application, whether a hobbyist, scientist, technician or engineer. Many open-source sun following and tracking algorithms and source-code for solar tracking programs and modules are freely available to download on the internet today. Certain proprietary solar tracker kits and solar tracking controllers include a software development kit SDK for its application programming interface API attributes (Pebble). Widget libraries, widget toolkits, GUI toolkit and UX libraries with graphical control elements are also available to construct the graphical user interface (GUI) for your solar tracking or solar power monitoring program. The solar library used by solar position calculators, solar simulation software and solar contour calculators include machine program code for the solar hardware controller which are software programmed into Micro-controllers, Programmable Logic Controllers PLC, programmable gate arrays, Arduino processor or PIC processor. PC based solar tracking is also high in demand using C++, Visual Basic VB, as well as MS Windows, Linux and Apple Mac based operating systems for sun path tables on Matlab, Excel. Some books and internet webpages use other terms, such as: sun angle calculator, sun position calculator or solar angle calculator. As said, such software code calculate the solar azimuth angle, solar altitude angle, solar elevation angle or the solar Zenith angle (Zenith solar angle is simply referenced from vertical plane, the mirror of the elevation angle measured from the horizontal or ground plane level). Similar software code is also used in solar calculator apps or the solar power calculator apps for IOS and Android smartphone devices. Most of these smartphone solar mobile apps show the sun path and sun-angles for any location and date over a 24 hour period. Some smartphones include augmented reality features in which you can physically see and look at the solar path through your cell phone camera or mobile phone camera at your phone's specific GPS location. In the computer programming and digital signal processing (DSP) environment, (free/open source) program code are available for VB, .Net, Delphi, Python, C, C+, C++, PHP, Swift, ADM, F, Flash, Basic, QBasic, GBasic, KBasic, SIMPL language, Squirrel, Solaris, Assembly language on operating systems such as MS Windows, Apple Mac, DOS or Linux OS. Software algorithms predicting position of the sun in the sky are commonly available as graphical programming platforms such as Matlab (Mathworks), Simulink models, Java applets, TRNSYS simulations, Scada system apps, Labview module, Beckhoff TwinCAT (Visual Studio), Siemens SPA, mobile and iphone apps, Android or iOS tablet apps, and so forth. At the same time, PLC software code for a range of sun tracking automation technology can follow the profile of sun in sky for Siemens, HP, Panasonic, ABB, Allan Bradley, OMRON, SEW, Festo, Beckhoff, Rockwell, Schneider, Endress Hauser, Fudji electric. Honeywell, Fuchs, Yokonawa, or Muthibishi platforms. Sun path projection software are also available for a range of modular IPC embedded PC motherboards, Industrial PC, PLC (Programmable Logic Controller) and PAC (Programmable Automation Controller) such as the Siemens S7-1200 or Siemens Logo, Beckhoff IPC or CX series, OMRON PLC, Ercam PLC, AC500plc ABB, National Instruments NI PXI or NI cRIO, PIC processor, Intel 8051/8085, IBM (Cell, Power, Brain or Truenorth series), FPGA (Xilinx Altera Nios), Intel, Xeon, Atmel megaAVR, MPU, Maple, Teensy, MSP, XMOS, Xbee, ARM, Raspberry Pi, Eagle, Arduino or Arduino AtMega microcontroller, with servo motor, stepper motor, direct current DC pulse width modulation PWM (current driver) or alternating current AC SPS or IPC variable frequency drives VFD motor drives (also termed adjustable-frequency drive, variable-speed drive, AC drive, micro drive or inverter drive) for electrical, mechatronic, pneumatic, or hydraulic solar tracking actuators. The above motion control and robot control systems include analogue or digital interfacing ports on the processors to allow for tracker angle orientation feedback control through one or a combination of angle sensor or angle encoder, shaft encoder, precision encoder, optical encoder, magnetic encoder, direction encoder, rotational encoder, chip encoder, tilt sensor, inclination sensor, or pitch sensor. Note that the tracker's elevation or zenith axis angle may measured using an altitude angle-, declination angle-, inclination angle-, pitch angle-, or vertical angle-, zenith angle- sensor or inclinometer. Similarly the tracker's azimuth axis angle be measured with a azimuth angle-, horizontal angle-, or roll angle- sensor. Chip integrated accelerometer magnetometer gyroscope type angle sensors can also be used to calculate displacement. Other options include the use of thermal imaging systems such as a Fluke thermal imager, or robotic or vision based solar tracker systems that employ face tracking, head tracking, hand tracking, eye tracking and car tracking principles in solar tracking. With unattended decentralised rural, island, isolated, or autonomous off-grid power installations, remote control, monitoring, data acquisition, digital datalogging and online measurement and verification equipment becomes crucial. It assists the operator with supervisory control to monitor the efficiency of remote renewable energy resources and systems and provide valuable web-based feedback in terms of CO2 and clean development mechanism (CDM) reporting. A power quality analyser for diagnostics through internet, WiFi and cellular mobile links is most valuable in frontline troubleshooting and predictive maintenance, where quick diagnostic analysis is required to detect and prevent power quality issues. Solar tracker applications cover a wide spectrum of solar applications and solar assisted application, including concentrated solar power generation, solar desalination, solar water purification, solar steam generation, solar electricity generation, solar industrial process heat, solar thermal heat storage, solar food dryers, solar water pumping, hydrogen production from methane or producing hydrogen and oxygen from water (HHO) through electrolysis. Many patented or non-patented solar apparatus include tracking in solar apparatus for solar electric generator, solar desalinator, solar steam engine, solar ice maker, solar water purifier, solar cooling, solar refrigeration, USB solar charger, solar phone charging, portable solar charging tracker, solar coffee brewing, solar cooking or solar dying means. Your project may be the next breakthrough or patent, but your invention is held back by frustration in search for the sun tracker you require for your solar powered appliance, solar generator, solar tracker robot, solar freezer, solar cooker, solar drier, solar pump, solar freezer, or solar dryer project. Whether your solar electronic circuit diagram include a simplified solar controller design in a solar electricity project, solar power kit, solar hobby kit, solar steam generator, solar hot water system, solar ice maker, solar desalinator, hobbyist solar panels, hobby robot, or if you are developing professional or hobby electronics for a solar utility or micro scale solar powerplant for your own solar farm or solar farming, this publication may help accelerate the development of your solar tracking innovation. Lately, solar polygeneration, solar trigeneration (solar triple generation), and solar quad generation (adding delivery of steam, liquid/gaseous fuel, or capture food-grade CO$_2$) systems have need for automatic solar tracking. These systems are known for significant efficiency increases in energy yield as a result of the integration and re-use of waste or residual heat and are suitable for compact packaged micro solar powerplants that could be manufactured and transported in kit-form and operate on a plug-and play basis. Typical hybrid solar power systems include compact or packaged solar micro combined heat and power (CHP or mCHP) or solar micro combined, cooling, heating and power (CCHP, CHPC, mCCHP, or mCHPC) systems used in distributed power generation. These systems are often combined in concentrated solar CSP and CPV smart microgrid configurations for off-grid rural, island or isolated microgrid, minigrid and distributed power renewable energy systems. Solar tracking algorithms are also used in modelling of trigeneration systems using Matlab Simulink (Modelica or TRNSYS) platform as well as in automation and control of renewable energy systems through intelligent parsing, multi-objective, adaptive learning control and control optimization strategies. Solar tracking algorithms also find application in developing solar models for country or location specific solar studies, for example in terms of measuring or analysis of the fluctuations of the solar radiation (i.e. direct and diffuse radiation) in a particular area. Solar DNI, solar irradiance and atmospheric information and models can thus be integrated into a solar map, solar atlas or geographical information systems (GIS). Such models allows for defining local parameters for specific regions that may be valuable in terms of the evaluation of different solar in photovoltaic of CSP systems on simulation and synthesis platforms such as Matlab and Simulink or in linear or multi-objective optimization algorithm platforms such as COMPOSE, EnergyPLAN or DER-CAM. A dual-axis solar tracker and single-axis solar tracker may use a sun tracker program or sun tracker algorithm to position a solar dish, solar panel array, heliostat array, PV panel, solar antenna or infrared solar nantenna. A self-tracking solar concentrator performs automatic solar tracking by computing the solar vector. Solar position algorithms (TwinCAT, SPA, or PSA Algorithms) use an astronomical algorithm to calculate the position of the sun. It uses astronomical software algorithms and equations for solar tracking in the calculation of sun's position in the sky for each location on the earth at any time of day. Like an optical solar telescope, the solar position algorithm pin-points the solar reflector at the sun and locks onto the sun's position to track the sun across the sky as the sun progresses throughout the day. Optical sensors such as photodiodes, light-dependant-resistors (LDR) or photoresistors are used as optical accuracy feedback devices. Lately we also included a section in the book (with links to microprocessor code) on how the PixArt Wii infrared camera in the Wii remote or Wiimote may be used in infrared solar tracking applications. In order to harvest free energy from the sun, some automatic solar positioning systems use an optical means to direct the solar tracking device. These solar tracking strategies use optical tracking techniques, such as a sun sensor means, to direct sun rays onto a silicon or CMOS substrate to determine the X and Y coordinates of the sun's position. In a solar mems sun-sensor device, incident sunlight enters the sun sensor through a small pin-hole in a mask plate where light is exposed to a silicon substrate. In a web-camera or camera image processing sun tracking and sun following means, object tracking software performs multi object tracking or moving object tracking methods. In an solar object tracking technique, image processing software performs mathematical processing to box the outline of the apparent solar disc or sun blob within the captured image frame, while sun-localization is performed with an edge detection algorithm to determine the solar vector coordinates. An automated positioning system help maximize the yields of solar power plants through solar tracking control to harness sun's energy. In such renewable energy systems, the solar panel positioning system uses a sun tracking techniques and a solar angle calculator in positioning PV panels in photovoltaic systems and concentrated photovoltaic CPV systems. Automatic on-axis solar tracking in a PV solar tracking system can be dual-axis sun tracking or single-axis sun solar tracking. It is known that a motorized positioning system in a photovoltaic panel tracker increase energy yield and ensures increased power output, even in a single axis solar tracking configuration. Other applications such as robotic solar tracker or robotic solar tracking system uses robotica with artificial intelligence in the control optimization of energy yield in solar harvesting through a robotic tracking system. Automatic positioning systems in solar tracking designs are also used in other free energy generators, such as concentrated solar thermal power CSP and dish Stirling systems. The sun tracking device in a solar collector in a solar concentrator or solar collector Such a performs on-axis solar tracking, a dual axis solar tracker assists to harness energy from the sun through an optical solar collector, which can be a parabolic mirror, parabolic reflector, Fresnel lens or mirror array/matrix. A parabolic dish or reflector is dynamically steered using a transmission system or solar tracking slew drive mean. In steering the dish to face the sun, the power dish actuator and actuation means in a parabolic dish system optically focusses the sun's energy on the focal point of a parabolic dish or solar concentrating means. A Stirling engine, solar heat pipe, thermosyphin, solar phase change material PCM receiver, or a fibre optic sunlight receiver means is located at the focal point of the solar concentrator. The dish Stirling engine configuration is referred to as a dish Stirling system or Stirling power generation system. Hybrid solar power systems (used in combination with biogas, biofuel, petrol, ethanol, diesel, natural gas or PNG) use a combination of power sources to harness and store solar energy in a storage medium. Any multitude of energy sources can be combined through the use of controllers and the energy stored in batteries, phase change material, thermal heat storage, and in cogeneration form converted to the required power using thermodynamic cycles (organic Rankin, Brayton cycle, micro turbine, Stirling) with an inverter and charge controller.

Fotografía de boda Manuel Santos 2021-03-02 Se analizan todos los aspectos de la fotografía de bodas, la técnica, la narración de un momento tan especial, el estilo que cada profesional debe imprimir a ese día, la postproducción digital, elaboración de álbumes y la gestión y promoción del estudio. La colección FotoRuta celebra poder ofrecer a sus lectores esta nueva obra, en la que se suman el saber y la experiencia de los mejores profesionales de la fotografía en esta especialidad.

Texturas Nº 29 Umberto Saba 2016-05-23 Sumario del número 01_FRUTIGER Sobre la biblioteca municipal, es decir, sobre la gloria Umberto Saba 02_CASLON Las benditas librerías del futuro Jorge Carrión El libro como relación y la librería como nodo en la ciudad posmoderna Imanol Zubero Hibridaciones para el diálogo Rafael Muñoz Innovar la librería: retorno a la esencia Roberto Gómez de la Iglesia La librería infantil en los bordes Raquel López Una propuesta de formación para los libreros Lluís Agustí & Amadeu Pons Las ¿nuevas? librerías Xavier Vidal Para escapar de la voz media: la librería como artefacto cultural Rafael Arias & Antonio Marcos Las librerías: ¿crónica de una muerte anunciada? Jean-Pierre Castellani 03_BODONI El último editor del siglo XX. Entrevista a Alejandro Katz Patricio Zunini Cómo editar libros para niños. El caso del editor suizo Daniel Keel Ana Garralón Edición de libros y grupos de presión Mike Shatzkin Repensar el ecosistema del libro Manuel Gil Sin mono azul. Breve historia del sindicalismo en el trabajo cultural David García Aristegui El elefante blanco del salón Beatriz Celaya & Antonio de Marco La edición universitaria: un equilibrio de intereses Doris Elena Aguirre Grisales El libro electrónico en Perú. Un acercamiento desde el sector editorial universitario Lizbeth Alvarado Campos El rápido crecimiento de China South Publishing & Media Group (CNS) Gong Shuguang 04_HELVETICA Libros y webs

Basic Photography Michael John Langford 1986 Basic Photography is an international bestseller with a long established reputation as the introductory textbook for photography. Initially published over thirty years ago the book has been re-written & revised regularly, & translated into four foreign language editions. It remains a classic reference source for students & newcomers to photography of all ages.

Proyecto fotográfico personal Rosa Isabel Vázquez 2020-12-18 Llega un momento en la trayectoria de un fotógrafo en el que necesita evolucionar y expresarse a través de un conjunto de fotografías con una entidad propia. Construir un proyecto personal significa dar ese paso e implica iniciar un camino que, aunque sea complejo, resulta fascinante. El proyecto fotográfico personal nace para facilitar ese proceso, acompañando al lector a través de las diversas etapas que se dan en la construcción de este recorrido, desde la búsqueda de la idea inicial y la investigación, continuando con la toma fotográfica y la edición, hasta la elección del formato de presentación y su difusión. La experiencia de Rosa Isabel Vázquez, artista, profesora y asesora de proyectos, permite que esta guía proporcione la información y herramientas necesarias para facilitar su consecución desde una estructura flexible que favorece la diversidad creativa. Además, con el fin de enriquecer la cultura visual del lector y aclarar conceptos, aporta muchos ejemplos con imágenes de más de 100 autores de los más diversos estilos y trayectorias, entre ellos referentes internacionales como William Eggleston, Nan Goldin, Francesca Woodman, Martha Rosler, Sally Mann, Hiroshi Sugimoto o Roger Ballen. En sus manos dispone de una obra didáctica, dirigida tanto al especialista como al que se inicia en la fotografía de autor, que estimulará la creación de nuevos proyectos personales, dotados de coherencia y significado.

Arcadia 2006-05

El Libro De Los Chakras Ambika Wauters 2002-09-09 This book explores the chakras, energy centers of the human body, that aid in providing an equilibrium in the physical, emotional, mental, and spiritual areas of one's self. Text copyright 2003 Lectorum Publications, Inc.

Mecanica de Fluidos 6/e Robert L. Mott 2006 CONTENIDO: La naturaleza de los fluidos y el estudio de su mecánica - Viscosidad de los fluidos - Medición de la presión - Fuerzas debidas a fluidos estáticos - Flotabilidad y estabilidad - El flujo de los fluidos y la ecuación de bernoulli - Ecuación general de la energía - Número de reynolds, flujo laminar, flujo turbulento y pérdidas de energía debido a la fricción - Perfiles de velocidad para secciones circulares y flujo en secciones no circulares - Pérdidas menores - Sistemas de tuberías en serie - Sistemas de tuberías en paralelo - Selección y aplicación de bombas - Flujo en canales abiertos - Medición del flujo - Fuerzas debido a los flujos en movimiento - Arrastre y sustentación - Ventiladores, sopladores, compresores y el flujo de los gases - Flujo de aire en ductos.

El comienzo de la primavera Patricio Pron 2008

FOTOGRAFIA DIGITAL PASO A PASO Tom Ang 2012-01-11

Google SketchUp Pro 8 paso a paso en español João Gaspar 2017-09-01 Creada para ofrecer una experiencia más proxima el dibujo a mano y el modelado con objetos reales, SketchUp ha ganado una legión de usuarios leales año tras año. SketchUp se distingue por la velocidad y la facilidad de la creación de objetos y estudios volumétricos. La calidad de la presentación y la capacidad bastante único para el intercambio de datos entre los diferentes segmento de programas de CAD son también importantes diferencias. El programa también ofrece otras innovaciones, tales como la integración con Google Earth y el acceso a numerosas bibliotecas de objectos disponibles para su descarga gratuíta en la Galería 3D. El libro de Google SketchUp Pro 8 Paso a Paso tiene como objetivo proporcionar un aprendizaje de alta calidad. Todos los procedimientos descritos se ilustran, y el final de cada capítulo es un resumen de los principales temas discutidos, y las actividades propuestas, los ejercicios que se puede descargar.

Diccionario enciclopedico hispano-americano de literatura, ciencias y artes 1907

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Física de partículas y de astropartículas Antonio Ferrer Soria 2005 Física de partículas y de astropartículas aborda los temas habituales en los libros de texto de esta rama de la ciencia (constituyentes elementales de la materia, simetrías, leyes de conservación, el modelo quark, técnicas experimentales) pero también trata de forma actualizada, incluyendo los resultados más recientes de LEP, las interacciones entre partículas como la interacción electrodébil y QCD. Como novedad en este tipo de manuales, se incluye una introducción a la física de astropartículas (neutrinos y rayos cósmicos). Antonio Ferrer Soria es doctor en Ciencias Físicas por las universidades de París-Sud y Valencia. Ha sido investigador científico del CNRS francés e investigador principal de varios experimentos de física de partículas. Dirigió, entre otros, la participación española en DELPHI, en el LEP del CERN. Es catedrático de Física Atómica, Molecular y Nuclear de la Universitat de València. Eduardo Ros Martínez es doctor en Ciencias Físicas por la Universidad Complutense de Madrid. Ha trabajado en experimentos efectuados en grandes aceleradores del laboratorio DESY (Hamburgo) y del CERN (Suiza). Ha sido profesor asociado de la Universitat de València y es en la actualidad científico titular del CSIC.

Fotografía y conocimiento. La fotografía y la ciencia: Desde los orígenes hasta 1927 José Cuevas Matín 2008-11-10

The Photographer's Eye: Graphic Guide Michael Freeman 2014-11-13 First published in 2013. Routledge is an imprint of Taylor & Francis, an informa company.

Fotógrafo online Tiago García 2021-10-15 Fotógrafo online es una guía para afrontar los desafíos de nuestra profesión en la era digital. Hubo un tiempo en que las redes sociales fueron un aliado poderoso. Sin embargo, hoy en día, los negocios informales afloran en ellas, creando un espacio muy competido. Las tecnologías, la situación en el mundo cambian a un ritmo acelerado, van dejando en desuso las prácticas y viejas estrategias que solían dar resultado. ¿Cómo utilizamos la tecnología en nuestro favor para llevar nuestro estudio fotográfico? Este libro plantea las bases para establecer la congruencia entre tu negocio de fotografía y tu presencia en internet. Sé que el paso puede ser áspero y tedioso cuando no se tiene información accesible y concreta para alcanzarlo. Por ello, me he planteado el reto de crear un manual claro y entendible, tanto si tienes pocos conocimientos del mundo de la informática y los medios digitales, como si no. Y se expresa en un nivel de detalle y paciencia tal que pueda ser comprendido tanto por el fotógrafo experto como por aquel que inicia sus pasos en esta hermosa profesión.

Método de diseño Gonzalo Berro 2020-08-31 ¿A quién no le llamó la atención el rediseño de la marca de un producto que consume habitualmente y que de pronto, brilla como nuevo en la góndola del súper? En los últimos años, casos como el de los productos lácteos de Milkaut, las pastas Don Vicente, los snacks saludables de Gallo o el café Cabrales son algunos de los ejemplos de marcas que confiaron en Grupo Berro para "cambiar el look".

SketchUp Pro 2013 paso a paso en español João Gaspar 2017-09-01 Creada para ofrecer una experiencia más proxima el dibujo a mano y el modelado con objetos reales, SketchUp ha anado una legión de usuarios leales año tras año. SketchUp se distingue por la velocidad y la facilidad de la creación e objetos y estudios volumétricos. La calidad de la presentación y la capacidad bastante único para el intercambio de datos entre los diferentes segmento de programas de CAD son también importantes diferencias. El programa también ofrece otras innovaciones, tales como la integración con Google Earth y el acceso a numerosas bibliotecas de objectos disponibles para su descarga gratuíta en la Galería 3D. El libro de SketchUp Pro 2013 Paso a Paso tiene como objetivo proporcionar un aprendizaje de alta calidad. Todos los procedimientos descritos se ilustran, y el final de cada capítulo es un resumen de los principales temas discutidos, y las actividades propuestas, los ejercicios que se puede descargar.

Photoshop: Técnicas de manipulación y retoque

Manual de Retoque Fotográfico con Photoshop CS5 MEDIAactive 2012-07-01 Nuestra Colección Manuales ofrece cursos prácticos de los más importantes programas del sector informático dirigidos tanto a usuarios noveles como a usuarios que trabajan habitualmente con esos programas y desean ampliar sus conocimientos. En este manual dedicado al Retoque fotográfico con Photoshop CS5, el conocido programa de retoque y manipulación de imágenes de la compañía Adobe, se estudian en profundidad algunas de las técnicas más utilizadas por los profesionales del sector para conseguir imágenes originales y, a la vez, sorprendentes. Mediante sencillos y a la vez elaborados ejemplos que el alumno desarrollará de principio a fin, se describen detalladamente las herramientas del programa. Aunque la versión CS5 de Photoshop no presenta excesivas novedades en cuanto a funciones se refiere, en este libro se utilizan algunas que dan como resultado espectaculares creaciones. Así, en estas páginas encontrará lecciones dedicadas al retoque y a la corrección de todo tipo de imágenes, además de a la creación de espectaculares efectos especiales mediante la aplicación combinada de diferentes filtros y ajustes para la imagen. La edición de imágenes es una tarea artística, puesto que es el usuario quien elige el aspecto que desea que tengan sus fotografías digitales. Si no se tienen conocimientos avanzados de fotografía, es frecuente que las imágenes tengan problemas de sobreexposición, subexposición, ruido, desenfoque, etc. Todos ellos pueden arreglarse fácilmente con Photoshop. Pero no sólo este tipo de defectos tiene solución, también se pueden retocar todo tipo de \'defectos físicos\' como acné, pecas, manchas, arrugas, etc., mediante distintas técnicas, algunas de las cuales presentamos en este manual. Garantizamos que si el lector realiza correctamente todos los ejercicios que componen los 7 apartados de este volumen, se convertirá en un experto en retoque fotográfico y podrá aplicar los conocimientos avanzados adquiridos sobre sus propias creaciones personales o profesionales, aprovechando así al máximo las principales utilidades que ofrece el programa.

Fotografía digital para Dummies Julie Adair King 2012-10-09 Tanto si estás pensando en comprar tu primera cámara digital, como si lo que quieres es pasarte a una reflex con objetivos intercambiables o buscas editar un poco tus fotos para darles el toque final, este libro es el que necesitas. En él, la autora, que ya tiene a sus espaldas muchos libros sobre cámaras y fotografía digital, responde a tus dudas sobre las prestaciones de los últimos modelos de cámaras que hay en el mercado, las mejores técnicas fotográficas, consejos para fotografías especiales, opciones de impresión y muchas más cuestiones que se plantea todo aficionado a la fotografía. • Las opciones de la cámara – descubre qué prestaciones tiene tu cámara y cómo se notan en las fotos que haces • Apunta y dispara – prepara bien tu cámara y aprende cómo conseguir la mejor toma en cualquier contexto • Lo que funciona – juega y experimenta con las recomendaciones que te damos para retratos, planos cortos, fotos en movimiento o paisajes • El toque final – repasa tus fotos y aprovecha las opciones de visualización y edición que te ofrece tu cámara; luego descárgatelas y compártelas

Aplicaciones informáticas para el comercio 2022 Purificación Aguilera López 2022 1. El ordenador, componentes y periféricos 2. Mantenimiento de equipos en entorno Windows 10 3. Redes locales e internet 4. Diseño de material gráfico 5. Audio y vídeos digitales 6. Office 2016 7. Correo y agenda electrónica 8. Procesadores de texto I 9. Procesadores de texto II 10. Procesadores de texto II 11. Procesadores de texto IV 12. Hojas de cálculo I 13. Hojas de cálculo II 14. Hojas de cálculo III 15. Bases de datos 16. Presentaciones multimedia 17. Transmisión telemática y facturación electrónica

Music Theory For Dummies Michael Pilhofer 2011-02-25 Many people grimace at the sound of music theory. It can conjure up bad memories of grade school music classes, rattle the brains of college students, and make self-taught musicians feel self-defeated. Music Theory may seem tedious and unnecessary, especially since not many people can read music. Luckily, Music Theory for Dummies shows you the fun and easy way to understanding the concepts needed to compose, deconstruct, and comprehend music. This helpful guide will give you a great grasp of: Note value and counting notes Treble and bass clefs Time signatures and measures Naturalizing the rhythm Tempo and dynamic Tone, color, and harmonics Half steps and whole steps Harmonic and melodic intervals Key signatures and circles of fifths Scales, chords, and their progressions Elements of form Music theory’s fascinating history This friendly guide not only explores these concepts, it provides examples of music to compliment them so you can hear how they sound firsthand. With a bonus CD that demonstrates these ideas with musical excerpts on guitar and piano, this hands-on resource will prove to you that music theory is as enjoyable as it is useful. Don’t get discouraged by the seemingly complicated written structure. With Music Theory for Dummies, understanding music has never been easier! Note: CD-ROM/DVD and other supplementary materials are not included as part of eBook file.

Turno de noche Ramsey Campbell 2014-12-01 Los ordenadores de la librería donde trabaja Woody no funcionan correctamente, aparecen errores en los catálogos y los pedidos desaparecen sin dejar rastro. La muerte por atropello de un empleado marca el inicio de la debacle: un dependiente acusa a otro de acoso sexual; otro pierde la habilidad de leer; los monitores de seguridad muestran cosas que se arrastran entre las estanterías y desaparecen antes de que nadie pueda encontrarlas... Los húmedos y silenciosos seres que han estado merodeando en el sótano pueden ser lentos, pero son inexorables. Esta librería no es un refugio. Es la puerta hacia un infierno como no hay otro igual.

El gusano de seda (Cormoran Strike 2) Robert Galbraith 2015-03-17 Segunda entrega de la aclamada serie protagonizada por Cormoran Strike y Robin Ellacott, una peculiar pareja que, por su inteligencia y determinación, deleitará a los aficionados a las historias de misterio y suspense. La esposa del novelista Owen Quine está convencida de que su marido se ha marchado a pasar unos días solo, tal como ha hecho en otras ocasiones. Por ello acude al despacho del detective privado Cormoran Strike para encargarle que encuentre a su esposo y lo lleve de vuelta a casa. Sin embargo, Cormoran descubre que tras la ausencia de Quine hay mucho más de lo que su mujer cree. Hace poco, Owen había acabado un manuscrito en el que revelaba los secretos más comprometedores de prácticamente todos sus conocidos. Es evidente que la publicación de la novela arruinaría sus vidas, así que, en teoría, cualquiera de ellos haría lo que fuese por impedir que el libro saliera a la luz. Y cuando la teoría se vuelve realidad con la aparición del cadáver de Quine, los acontecimientos se precipitan. Owen ha sido brutalmente asesinado, con una crueldad que Cormoran no recuerda haber visto nunca. Así pues, detener al culpable se convierte en una tarea urgente, por lo cual Cormoran Strike y Robin Ellacott, su eficaz ayudante, han de recurrir a todo su arrojo y astucia para identificar al asesino y atraparlo lo antes posible. Reseñas: «Cormoran Strike ha vuelto, y con él, su fiel y sagaz ayudante Robin Ellacott: una pareja destinada a convertirse en un referente del género. Un festín de entretenimiento.» The New York Times «La historia es adictiva, especialmente por sus protagonistas, la pareja que forman Cormoran y Robin, con los que no te importaría cruzarte una y otra vez.» Time «Astuta, bien construida, mordaz, ingeniosa, El gusano de seda es una novela negra que fascina.» People «La escritura de Robert Galbraith es ingeniosa y está impregnada de cariño por la tradición de la novela de detectives. Además, lleva al lector por una trama repleta de giros, tan adictiva que pierde la noción del tiempo. Esperamos impacientes la próxima entrega.» The Seattle Times «Un libro que se devora.» The Telegraph «Robert Galbraith es un soplo de aire fresco para el género: hard-boiled y satírico, a la vez que conmovedor y romántico.» The Wall Street Journal

Practical Solar Tracking Automatic Solar Tracking Sun Tracking □□□□□□□□□□□□□□□ □□□□□□□□□□ □□□□□□□□□□ □□□□□□□□ □□ □□□□□□□□□□□□□

Gerro Prinsloo 2015-11-01 This book details Practical Solar Energy Harvesting, Automatic Solar-Tracking, Sun-Tracking-Systems, Solar-Trackers and Sun Tracker Systems using motorized automatic positioning concepts and control principles. An intelligent automatic solar tracker is a device that orients a payload toward the sun. Such programmable computer based solar tracking device includes principles of solar tracking, solar tracking systems, as well as microcontroller, microprocessor and/or PC based solar tracking control to orientate solar reflectors, solar lenses, photovoltaic panels or other optical configurations towards the sun. Motorized space frames and kinematic systems ensure motion dynamics and employ drive technology and gearing principles to steer optical configurations such as mangin, parabolic, conic, or cassegrain solar energy collectors to face the sun and follow the sun movement contour continuously. In general, the book may benefit solar research and solar energy applications in countries such as Africa, Mediterranean, Italy, Spain, Greece, USA, Mexico, South America, Brazilia, Argentina, Chili, India, Malaysia, Middle East, UAE, Russia, Japan and China. This book on practical automatic Solar-Tracking Sun-Tracking is in .PDF format and can easily be converted to the .EPUB .MOBI .AZW .ePub .FB2 .LIT .LRF .MOBI .PDB .PDF .TCR formats for smartphones and Kindle by using the ebook.online-convert.com facility. The content of the book is also applicable to communication antenna satellite tracking and moon tracking algorithm source code for which links to free download links are provided. In harnessing power from the sun through a solar tracker or practical solar tracking system, renewable energy control automation systems require automatic solar tracking software and solar position algorithms to accomplish dynamic motion control with control automation architecture, circuit boards and hardware. On-axis sun tracking system such as the altitude-azimuth dual axis or multi-axis solar tracker systems use a sun tracking algorithm or ray tracing sensors or software to ensure the sun's passage through the sky is traced with high precision in automated solar tracker applications, right through summer solstice, solar equinox and winter solstice. A high precision sun position calculator or sun position algorithm is this an important step in the design and construction of an automatic solar tracking system. From sun tracing software perspective, the sonnet Tracing The Sun has a literal meaning. Within the context of sun track and trace, this book explains that the sun's daily path across the sky is directed by relatively simple principles, and if grasped/understood, then it is relatively easy to trace the sun with sun following software. Sun position computer software for tracing the sun are available as open source code, sources that is listed in this book. Ironically there was even a system called sun chaser, said to have been a solar positioner system known for chasing the sun throughout the day. Using solar equations in an electronic circuit for automatic solar tracking is quite simple, even if you are a novice, but mathematical solar equations are over complicated by academic experts and professors in text-books, journal articles and internet websites. In terms of solar hobbies, scholars, students and Hobbyist's looking at solar tracking electronics or PC programs for solar tracking are usually overcome by the sheer volume of scientific material and internet resources, which leaves many developers in frustration when search for simple experimental solar tracking source-code for their on-axis sun-tracking systems. This booklet will simplify the search for the mystical sun tracking formulas for your sun tracker innovation and help you develop your own autonomous solar tracking controller. By directing the solar collector directly into the sun, a solar harvesting means or device can harness sunlight or thermal heat. This is achieved with the help of sun angle formulas, solar angle formulas or solar tracking procedures for the calculation of sun's position in the sky. Automatic sun tracking system software includes algorithms for solar altitude azimuth angle calculations required in following the sun across the sky. In using the longitude, latitude GPS coordinates of the solar tracker location, these sun tracking software tools supports precision solar tracking by determining the solar altitude-azimuth coordinates for the sun trajectory in altitude-azimuth tracking at the tracker location, using certain sun angle formulas in sun vector calculations. Instead of follow the sun software, a sun tracking sensor such as a sun sensor or webcam or video camera with vision based sun following image processing software can also be used to determine the position of the sun optically. Such optical feedback devices are often used in solar panel tracking systems and dish tracking systems. Dynamic sun tracing is also used in solar surveying, DNI analyser and sun surveying systems that build solar infographics maps with solar radiance, irradiance and DNI models for GIS (geographical information system). In this way geospatial methods on solar/environment interaction makes use use of geospatial technologies (GIS, Remote Sensing, and Cartography). Climatic data and weather station or weather center data, as well as queries from sky servers and solar resource database systems (i.e. on DB2, Sybase, Oracle, SQL, MySQL) may also be associated with solar GIS maps. In such solar resource modelling systems, a pyranometer or solarimeter is normally used in addition to measure direct and indirect, scattered, dispersed, reflective radiation for a particular geographical location. Sunlight analysis is important in flash photography where photographic lighting are important for photographers. GIS systems are used by architects who add sun shadow applets to study architectural shading or sun shadow analysis, solar flux calculations, optical modelling or to perform weather modelling. Such systems often employ a computer operated telescope type mechanism with ray tracing program software as a solar navigator or sun tracer that determines the solar position and intensity. The purpose of this booklet is to assist developers to track and trace suitable source-code and solar tracking algorithms for their application, whether a hobbyist, scientist, technician or engineer. Many open-source sun following and tracking algorithms and source-code for solar tracking programs and modules are freely available to download on the internet today. Certain proprietary solar tracker kits and solar tracking controllers include a software development kit SDK for its application programming interface API attributes (Pebble). Widget libraries, widget toolkits, GUI toolkit and UX libraries with graphical control elements are also available to construct the graphical user interface (GUI) for your solar tracking or solar power monitoring program. The solar library used by solar position calculators, solar simulation software and solar contour calculators include machine program code for the solar hardware controller which are software programmed into Micro-controllers, Programmable Logic Controllers PLC, programmable gate arrays, Arduino processor or PIC processor. PC based solar tracking is also high in demand using C++, Visual Basic VB, as well as MS Windows, Linux and Apple Mac based operating systems for sun path tables on Matlab, Excel. Some books and internet webpages use other terms, such as: sun angle calculator, sun position calculator or solar angle calculator. As said, such software code calculate the solar azimuth angle, solar altitude angle, solar elevation angle or the solar Zenith angle (Zenith solar angle is simply referenced from vertical plane, the mirror of the elevation angle measured from the horizontal or ground plane level). Similar software code is also used in solar calculator apps or the solar power calculator apps for IOS and Android smartphone devices. Most of these smartphone solar mobile apps show the sun path and sun-angles for any location and date over a 24 hour period. Some smartphones include augmented reality features in which you can physically see and look at the solar path through your cell phone camera or mobile phone camera at your phone's specific GPS location. In the computer programming and digital signal processing (DSP) environment, (free/open source) program code are available for VB, .Net, Delphi, Python, C, C+, C++, PHP, Swift, ADM, F, Flash, Basic, QBasic, GBasic, KBasic, SIMPL language, Squirrel, Solaris, Assembly language on operating systems such as MS Windows, Apple Mac, DOS or Linux OS. Software algorithms predicting position of the sun in the sky are commonly available as graphical programming platforms such as Matlab (Mathworks), Simulink models, Java applets, TRNSYS simulations, Scada system apps, Labview module, Beckhoff TwinCAT (Visual Studio), Siemens SPA, mobile and iphone apps, Android or iOS tablet apps, and so forth. At the same time, PLC software code for a range of sun tracking automation technology can follow the profile of sun in sky for Siemens, HP, Panasonic, ABB, Allan Bradley, OMRON, SEW, Festo, Beckhoff, Rockwell, Schneider, Endress Hauser, Fudji electric. Honeywell, Fuchs, Yokonawa, or Muthibishi platforms. Sun path projection software are also available for a range of modular IPC embedded PC motherboards, Industrial PC, PLC (Programmable Logic Controller) and PAC (Programmable Automation Controller) such as the Siemens S7-1200 or Siemens Logo, Beckhoff IPC or CX series, OMRON PLC, Ercam PLC, AC500plc ABB, National Instruments NI PXI or NI cRIO, PIC processor, Intel 8051/8085, IBM (Cell, Power, Brain or Truenorth series), FPGA (Xilinx Altera Nios), Intel, Xeon, Atmel megaAVR, MPU, Maple, Teensy, MSP, XMOS, Xbee, ARM, Raspberry Pi, Eagle, Arduino or Arduino AtMega microcontroller, with servo motor, stepper motor, direct current DC pulse width modulation PWM (current driver) or alternating current AC SPS or IPC variable frequency drives VFD motor drives (also termed adjustable-frequency drive, variable-speed drive, AC drive, micro drive or inverter drive) for electrical, mechatronic, pneumatic, or hydraulic solar tracking actuators. The above motion control and robot control systems include analogue or digital interfacing ports on the processors to allow for tracker angle orientation feedback control through one or a combination of angle sensor or angle encoder, shaft encoder, precision encoder, optical encoder, magnetic encoder, direction encoder, rotational encoder, chip encoder, tilt sensor, inclination sensor, or pitch sensor. Note that the tracker's elevation or zenith axis angle may measured using an altitude angle-, declination angle-, inclination angle-, pitch angle-, or vertical angle-, zenith angle- sensor or inclinometer. Similarly the tracker's azimuth axis angle be measured with a azimuth angle-, horizontal angle-, or roll angle- sensor. Chip integrated accelerometer magnetometer gyroscope type angle sensors can also be used to calculate displacement. Other options include the use of thermal imaging systems such as a Fluke thermal imager, or robotic or vision based solar tracker systems that employ face tracking, head tracking, hand tracking, eye tracking and car tracking principles in solar tracking. With unattended decentralised rural, island, isolated, or autonomous off-grid power installations, remote control, monitoring, data acquisition, digital datalogging and online measurement and verification equipment becomes crucial. It assists the operator with supervisory control to monitor the efficiency of remote renewable energy resources and systems and provide valuable web-based feedback in terms of CO2 and clean development mechanism (CDM) reporting. A power quality analyser for diagnostics through internet, WiFi and cellular mobile links is most valuable in frontline troubleshooting and predictive maintenance, where quick diagnostic analysis is required to detect and prevent power quality issues. Solar tracker applications cover a wide spectrum of solar applications and solar assisted application, including concentrated solar power generation, solar desalination, solar water purification, solar steam generation, solar electricity generation, solar industrial process heat, solar thermal heat storage, solar food dryers, solar water pumping, hydrogen production from methane or producing hydrogen and oxygen from water (HHO) through electrolysis. Many patented or non-patented solar apparatus include tracking in solar apparatus for solar electric generator, solar desalinator, solar steam engine, solar ice maker, solar water purifier, solar cooling, solar refrigeration, USB solar charger, solar phone charging, portable solar charging tracker, solar coffee brewing, solar cooking or solar dying means. Your project may be the next breakthrough or patent, but your invention is held back by frustration in search for the sun tracker you require for your solar powered appliance, solar generator, solar tracker robot, solar freezer, solar cooker, solar drier, solar pump, solar freezer, or solar dryer project. Whether your solar electronic circuit diagram include a simplified solar controller design in a solar electricity project, solar power kit, solar hobby kit, solar steam generator, solar hot water system, solar ice maker, solar desalinator, hobbyist solar panels, hobby robot, or if you are developing professional or hobby electronics for a solar utility or micro scale solar powerplant for your own solar farm or solar farming, this publication may help accelerate the development of your solar tracking innovation. Lately, solar polygeneration, solar trigeneration (solar triple generation), and solar quad generation (adding delivery of steam, liquid/gaseous fuel, or capture food-grade CO$_2$) systems have need for automatic solar tracking. These systems are known for significant efficiency increases in energy yield as a result of the integration and re-use of waste or residual heat and are suitable for compact packaged micro solar powerplants that could be manufactured and transported in kit-form and operate on a plug-and play basis. Typical hybrid solar power systems include compact or packaged solar micro combined heat and power (CHP or mCHP) or solar micro combined, cooling, heating and power (CCHP, CHPC, mCCHP, or mCHPC) systems used in distributed power generation. These systems are often combined in concentrated solar CSP and CPV smart microgrid configurations for off-grid rural, island or isolated microgrid, minigrid and distributed power renewable energy systems. Solar tracking algorithms are also used in modelling of trigeneration systems using Matlab Simulink (Modelica or TRNSYS) platform as well as in automation and control of renewable energy systems through intelligent parsing, multi-objective, adaptive learning control and control optimization strategies. Solar tracking algorithms also find application in developing solar models for country or location specific solar studies, for example in terms of measuring or analysis of the fluctuations of the solar radiation (i.e. direct and diffuse radiation) in a particular area. Solar DNI, solar irradiance and atmospheric information and models can thus be integrated into a solar map, solar atlas or geographical information systems (GIS). Such models allows for defining local parameters for specific regions that may be valuable in terms of the evaluation of different solar in photovoltaic of CSP systems on simulation and synthesis platforms such as Matlab and Simulink or in linear or multi-objective optimization algorithm platforms such as COMPOSE, EnergyPLAN or DER-CAM. A dual-axis solar tracker and single-axis solar tracker may use a sun tracker program or sun tracker algorithm to position a solar dish, solar panel array, heliostat array, PV panel, solar antenna or infrared solar nantenna. A self-tracking solar concentrator performs automatic solar tracking by computing the solar vector. Solar position algorithms (TwinCAT, SPA, or PSA Algorithms) use an astronomical algorithm to calculate the position of the sun. It uses astronomical software algorithms and equations for solar tracking in the calculation of sun's position in the sky for each

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location on the earth at any time of day. Like an optical solar telescope, the solar position algorithm pin-points the solar reflector at the sun and locks onto the sun's position to track the sun across the sky as the sun progresses throughout the day. Optical sensors such as photodiodes, light-dependant-resistors (LDR) or photoresistors are used as optical accuracy feedback devices. Lately we also included a section in the book (with links to microprocessor code) on how the PixArt Wii infrared camera in the Wii remote or Wiimote may be used in infrared solar tracking applications. In order to harvest free energy from the sun, some automatic solar positioning systems use an optical means to direct the solar tracking device. These solar tracking strategies use optical tracking techniques, such as a sun sensor means, to direct sun rays onto a silicon or CMOS substrate to determine the X and Y coordinates of the sun's position. In a solar mems sun-sensor device, incident sunlight enters the sun sensor through a small pin-hole in a mask plate where light is exposed to a silicon substrate. In a web-camera or camera image processing sun tracking and sun following means, object tracking software performs multi object tracking or moving object tracking methods. In an solar object tracking technique, image processing software performs mathematical processing to box the outline of the apparent solar disc or sun blob within the captured image frame, while sun-localization is performed with an edge detection algorithm to determine the solar vector coordinates. An automated positioning system help maximize the yields of solar power plants through solar tracking control to harness sun's energy. In such renewable energy systems, the solar panel positioning system uses a sun tracking techniques and a solar angle calculator in positioning PV panels in photovoltaic systems and concentrated photovoltaic CPV systems. Automatic on-axis solar tracking in a PV solar tracking system can be dual-axis sun tracking or single-axis sun solar tracking. It is known that a motorized positioning system in a photovoltaic panel tracker increase energy yield and ensures increased power output, even in a single axis solar tracking configuration. Other applications such as robotic solar tracker or robotic solar tracking system uses robotica with artificial intelligence in the control optimization of energy yield in solar harvesting through a robotic tracking system. Automatic positioning systems in solar tracking designs are also used in other free energy generators, such as concentrated solar thermal power CSP and dish Stirling systems. The sun tracking device in a solar collector in a solar concentrator or solar collector Such a performs on-axis solar tracking, a dual axis solar tracker assists to harness energy from the sun through an optical solar collector, which can be a parabolic mirror, parabolic reflector, Fresnel lens or mirror array/matrix. A parabolic dish or reflector is dynamically steered using a transmission system or solar tracking slew drive mean. In steering the dish to face the sun, the power dish actuator and actuation means in a parabolic dish system optically focusses the sun's energy on the focal point of a parabolic dish or solar concentrating means. A Stirling engine, solar heat pipe, thermosyphin, solar phase change material PCM receiver, or a fibre optic sunlight receiver means is located at the focal point of the solar concentrator. The dish Stirling engine configuration is referred to as a dish Stirling system or Stirling power generation system. Hybrid solar power systems (used in combination with biogas, biofuel, petrol, ethanol, diesel, natural gas or PNG) use a combination of power sources to harness and store solar energy in a storage medium. Any multitude of energy sources can be combined through the use of controllers and the energy stored in batteries, phase change material, thermal heat storage, and in cogeneration form converted to the required power using thermodynamic cycles (organic Rankin, Brayton cycle, micro turbine, Stirling) with an inverter and charge controller. □ □□□□ □□□□□ □□□□□□□□ □□□□□□□□□□□□□□□ Solar-Tracking, □□-Tracking-Systems, Solar-□□□□□□□ □ □□ Tracker Systems. □□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□ □□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□ □□□□□□□□□ □□□□□□□□ □□□□□□□□ □□□□□□□□□□□□□, □□□□□□□ □□□□□□□□□□□□□ □□□□□□□□ □□□□□□□□ □ □□□□□□. □□□□□ □□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□ □□□□□□□□□ □□ □□□□□□ □□□□□□□□□ □□□□□□□□□□□ □□□□□□□□ □□□□□□□□ □□□□□□□□ □□□□□□□□□ □□□□□□□□, □□□□□□□□□ □□□□□□ □□□□□□□□, □ □□□□□ □□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□, □□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□ □ / □□□ □□ □□ □□□□ □□□□□□□□□□ □□□□□□□□□ □□□□□□□□□□□□□ □□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□ □□□□□□□□□ □□□□□□□□□□□, □□□□□□□□□□ □□□□□, □□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□ □□□□□□ □□□ □□□□□□ □□□□□□□□□□□ □□□□□□□□□□□□□ □ □□ □□□□□□□□□□□□□□□ □□□□□□□□□□□□ □□□□□ □ □□□□□□□□□□□□□□□ □□□□□□□ □□□□□□□□□□□ □□□□□□□□ □ □□□□□□□□□□□□□ □□□□□□□□□ □□□□□□□ □ □□□□□□□□□□□ □□□□□□□□□ □□□□□□□ □ □□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□, □□□□□ □□□□□□□□□ □□□□□□□□□□□ □□□□□□□□□□□□□, □□□□□ □□□ □□□□□□, □□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□, □□□□□□□□□□□ □□□ □□□□□□□□□□□ □□□□□□□□□□ □□□□□□□□□□□□□ □□□□□□□, □□□□□ □□□□□ □ □□□□□□ □ □□□□□□□□□□ □□ □□□□□□□ □□□□□□ □□□□□□□□ □□□□□□□□□□□. □ □□□□□□□□□□□ □□□□ □□ □□□□□□ □□□□□ □□□□□□□□□□ □□□□□□ □□□ □□□□□□□□□□□□□□ □□□□□□□□□□ □□□□□□□ □□□□□□□□□, □□□□□□□ □□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□ □□□□□□□□ □□□□□□□ □□□□□□□□□□□□□□□ □□□□□□□ □□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□ □□□□□□□□□□ □□□□□□□□□□□□□□ □□□□□□□□□□□□□ □ □□□□□□□□□□□ □□□□□□□ □□□ □□□□□□□□□□□ □□□□□□□□□□□□□□□ □□□□□□□□ □□□□□□□□ □ □□□□□□□□□□□□□ □□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□ □□□□□□□□□, □□□□□□□□ □□□□ □ □□□□□□□□□□□ □□□□□□□. □□ □□□ □□□□□□□ □□□□□□□□ □□, □□□□□ □□□ □□□□□□-□□□□□□ □□□□□□□ □□□ □□□ □□□□□□□□□□□□ □□□□□□□□□□ □□□□□□□ □□□□□□ □□□□□□□□□□□□□□ □□□□□□□□ □□□□□□□□□□□□□□ □□□□□□ □□□ □□□□□□□□□□□ □□□□□ □□□□□□□□ □□□ □□□□□□□□□□□□□□ □□□□□□□□□□□, □□□□□ □□□□□□□□□□□□ □□□□□□□□□□□□□□ □□□□□□ □□ □□□□ □□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□ □ □□□□□□□ □□□□□□□□□□ □ □□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□ □□□□□□□□□□□ □□□□□□□□□□ Tracker , □□□□□ □□□□□ □□□□□□□ □□□□□□□□□□□□□□□, □□□□□□□□□□□ □□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□ □ □□□□□□□ □□□□□□□□□□□□□□□.□□□□□□□ □□□□□□□□ □□□□□□□ □□ □□□□□□□□□□□ □□□ □□□□□□□□□ □□□□□□ □□□□□□□□ □□□ □□□□□□ □□□ □ □□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□ □ □□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□ □□□□□□□□□□□□□□□ □□□□□□□□ □□□□□□□□□ □□□□□□□□. □□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□